



West Mersea Yacht Club Keelboat, Social sailing & Dinghy Racing Risk Assessment for Covid 19

Document Control

Scope	West Mersea Yacht Club and Dabchicks Sailing Club on water risk	
	assessment for Covid 19	
Version	1.1	
Document Name	Combined Clubs restart racing Covid 19 Assessment	
Author	Covid 19 committee (sailing) both clubs	
Authorisation	Vice Commodore Sailing West Mersea Yacht Club/Vice Commodore sailing	
	Dabchicks sailing club	
Authorisation date	27 th May 2020	
Review date	30th June 2020	

Changes (12/6/20)

- Changed document title
- Corrected spelling error
- Changed DSC Burgee
- Added Likelihood/severity table

(23/6/20)

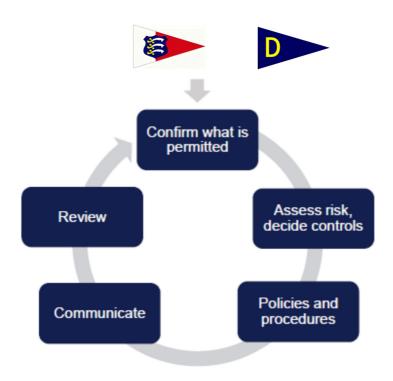
- RYA Guidance on major events and Covid 19 reference added
- Scenario planning schedule added.

(30/6/20)

- Modification to crew limitations notes including reference in SI's
- Highlighted member responsibility

Introduction

The club is following the process as shown below to develop this document



The Covid-19 outbreak continues to be rapidly evolving situation that presents a number of complex challenges and decisions for both clubs. The information within this document is designed to inform members, their guests, staff of actions which will be put in place to prevent the spread of Covid 19. All decisions have been made by the organisation's leadership, using this information as assistance, but taking into account all of the unique considerations in which the club operates. In doing this, the club has used risk assessment tools and processes to make the most effective decisions. The health and safety of a club's members, volunteers and staff are the number one priority at all times.

A number of sources of guidance have been used as detailed below. As advice changes this Risk Assessment may change. The effective eradication of Covid-19 relies on people taking individual and collective responsibility. It is the club's role to facilitate activity from their premises in line with guidance and Club rules and byelaws to a safe level of as low as reasonably practicable (ALARP) **We remind members of their individual responsibility so they can make informed choices.** The WMYC/DSC will continually review all the advice we provide as we learn from clubs and other organisations throughout this process.

The RYA's guiding principles are.

- 1. We will always follow Government advice
- 2. We will, as a boating community, take a considerate and conservative approach

Sources of Information

DCMS Guidance for the public on the phased return of outdoor sport and recreation Published 13 May 2020

COVID-19: infection prevention and control guidance Public Health England Published 24th April 2020





Club Guidance on restarting boating activity and managing Covid-19 THE RYA Published 12th May 2020

Coronavirus (COVID-19) Guidance for Event Organizers for the Protection of the Health of Sailing Communities World Sailing Published 24th March 2020

World Sailing Personal Location Form (PLF)

RYA Guidance on major events and Covid 19 (19/6/20)

Infection at work: Controlling the risks HMSO First published 2003

Sources of Infection

The transmission of COVID-19 is thought to occur mainly through respiratory droplets generated by coughing and sneezing, and through contact with contaminated surfaces. The predominant modes of transmission are assumed to be droplet and contact. Particles are diluted in fresh air and water, destroyed by UV light and desiccation.

The science as put forward by SAGE states that being outside in sunlight with good ventilation are both highly protective against transmission of the Virus, and judges that using outside spaces is one of the lowest risk forms of activity.

The ONS data shows that there is a significantly higher risk of a poor outcome from catching Covid 19 if you are 65 or over. The risk for young people is very low

The incubation period is from 1 to 14 days (median 5 days).

Risk Analysis process

The process used is based upon the Risk Assessment process of the HSE

- identify what could cause injury or illness (hazards)
- decide how likely it is that someone could be harmed and how seriously (the risk)
- take action to eliminate the hazard, or if this isn't possible, control the risk

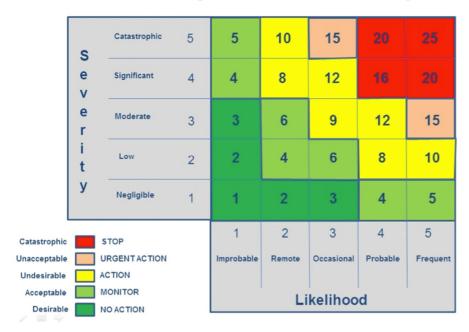
Following an assessment, the risk rating will be calculated using the table (1) and any mitigating actions required implemented through procedure





Table one

Risk Rating = Likelihood x Severity



Likelihood/Severity Table

Score	Severity		Likel	ihood
1	Negligible	Negligible No symptoms Ir		Household
2	Low	ow illness R		Outdoors
3	Moderate	Moderate Hospitalised O		Indoors
4	Significant			Hospital setting Care Home setting
5	Catastrophic			Critical care settings





Timing



#restartsailing

Lockdown Social Distancing Current

Moderate Social Distancing Current

Reduced Social Distancing From 4th July

Scenario Planning

Whilst we cannot know for sure what restrictions are going to be eased and when, event organising committees can review the road maps outlined by the various governments to understand what possible restrictions may be lifted during each phase. It is suggested that the event be mapped against each step or phase, and the alert levels from the Joint Biosecurity Centre, to see at which point the event is possible to run and how it may be scaled up or down dependent on the alert level.

Level	Detail	Action
Description		
1	Covid-19 is not known to be present in the UK	Event can be run as normal
2	Covid-19 is present in the UK, but the number	Event uses light touch
	of cases and transmission is low	control
3	a Covid-19 epidemic is in general circulation	Event uses Covid 19 Risk
		Assessment and protocols
4	a Covid-19 epidemic is in general circulation;	Event cannot run
	transmission is high or rising exponentially	

Combined Racing planning levels

Date	Covid National alert level	Event planning level
23/6/20	3	3





Risk Assessment and mitigation

Possible Hazard	Risk level before counter measures	Primary Countermeasures	Risk Level after counter measures	Notes
Travelling to the Club	2	1.1, 4.1, 4.4, 5.1, 5.4,	2	Everyone should comply with Government travel restrictions when applicable
Reducing net infection to the venue/event	(4*2) =8 Undesirable	5.2	(4*1) =4 Acceptable	Implement PLF in order to minimize the possibility of infection on the venue for all events for both competitors and volunteers
Congregation in Car Park, Bike Parks	(4*3) =12 Action	5.4	(4*1) =4 Acceptable	Signs reminding members of their obligations under social distancing rules, Intermingling with households/bubble
Congregation in dinghy park	(4*3) =12 Action	5.4	(4*1) =4 Acceptable	Signs reminding members of their obligations under social distancing rules, Intermingling with households/bubble
Too many people in changing rooms				To be covered by the Club Risk Assessment
Decision to Race	(4*3) =12 Action	1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.5, 1.7, 1.8, 2.1, 2.7, 2.8, 4.9	(4*1) =4 Acceptable	The Race Management team to make a conservative decision to race based upon conditions/classes and crew levels
Keel boat Racing	(4*2) =8 Undesirable	1.3, 1.5, 2.5, 2.6, 2.7, 2.10, 4.2, 4.9, 5.0, 5.2, 5.3,	(4*1) =4 Acceptable	All participants to have completed a PLF. Vessel SD and mitigation measures to be fully implemented. Crew level limitation in SI's.
After Racing	(4*2) =8 Undesirable	4.3	(4*1) =4 Acceptable	Mitigation and social distancing to apply
Travel to and from a vessel		4.3		Travel in the launch to be covered by the Club Risk Assessment. Travel by own boat





				then please consider applying the countermeasures advised
Briefings and hearings	(4*4) =16 Stop	4.5, 4.6	(4*1) =4 Acceptable	Implement online briefings and hearings
Congregating to view results	(4*4) =16 Stop	4.5, 4.6	(4*1) =4 Acceptable	Implement online briefings and hearings
Congregating in an internal Race office	(4*2) =8 Undesirable	4.4, 4.9	(4*1) =4 Acceptable	Consider an outside Race office if not, employ an entry system allowing for social distancing and provide protection to volunteers
Volunteers on Committee boats	(4*3) =12 Undesirable	4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, 4.9, 5.2, 2.2	(4*1) =4 Acceptable	All volunteers to have completed a PLF. Vessel SD and mitigation measures to be fully implemented. Crew level limitation to be considered
Volunteers on Mark Laying and safety boats	(4*3) =12 Undesirable	4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, 4.9, 5.2, 2.2	(4*1) =4 Acceptable	All volunteers to have completed a PLF. Vessel SD and mitigation measures to be fully implemented. Crew level limitation to be considered. Standard operating procedures to be followed
Prizegiving	(4*4) =16 Stop	4.5, 4.6	(4*1) =4 Acceptable	Online Prizegiving and collection of prizes
Competitor/volunteer notifies they are unwell	Apply Isolation protocols WMYC		Implement review procedures	Prepare a location where we can isolate for a short term. Identify their bubble and inform. Review the risk assessment





Additional Actions for dinghy events

Possible Hazard	Risk level before	Primary	Risk Level after	Notes
	counter measures	Countermeasures	counter	
			measures	
Entry and Registration	(4*2) =8	1.1, 5.2	(4*1) =4	Implement PLF in order to minimize the
	Undesirable		Acceptable	possibility of infection on the venue for all events for both competitors and volunteers
Tally Operations for	(2*3) = 6	2.1, 2.3, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4,	(2*2) = 4	Consider the introduction of an electronic
launching and recovery	Monitor	4.8, 5.3, 5.4	Monitor	tally using a QR code or similar
Dinghy Racing	(2*3) = 6	1.3, 2.1, 2.3, 2.5, 2.6,	(2*2) = 4	Be cautious and sail within your ability.
	Monitor	2.7, 3.1, 3.2, 4.1, 4.2,	Monitor	
		4.3, 4.8, 4.9, 5.0, 5.2,		
Safety and Rescue	(4*3) =12	4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, 4.9,	(4*1) =4	All volunteers to have completed a PLF.
	Undesirable	5.2, 2.2	Acceptable	Vessel SD and mitigation measures to be
				fully implemented. Crew level limitation to
				be considered. Standard operating
				procedures to be followed
Cleaning of boats	(2*3) = 6	5.3	(4*1) =4	
	Monitor		Acceptable	





Mitigating Actions

1.1	Limit competitor numbers.	Organising Authority (OA) may limit entry numbers to those car park and slipway can safely accommodate. OA to limit boat numbers to safety boat availability.	May need to require pre-entry with cap on entries. When there are large numbers entered slipway and channel congestion should be avoided by batched launching and escorting down or up any narrow channel. Dinghies should be kept out of narrow channels as much as possible. Good Marshalling ashore required to minimise interference to other slipway users and manage safety on the slipway. Need cooperation to manage launching, recovery and berthing of large numbers of safety boats.
1.2	Tidal prediction.	Assessment to be made regarding strength of current, height of tide and other associated conditions.	Congestion may be much greater at low water. The racing/event programme should be arranged to manage congestion.
1.3	Identify danger points on course and access route	Zone sailing area and routes to/from so that different control measures will apply depending on the risk.	Marks and Gates may be specified in Sailing Instructions where races can be shortened. Shallow draft sailboats can be required to keep out of narrow channels. Access routes can be zoned according to risks in each area. Sailboats without engines can be required to be towed. Sailing Instructions can require that spinnakers may not be flown in certain zones. Safety Boats can be stationed at identified danger points.
1.4	Vessel traffic information.	Contact local harbour authorities/coastguard.	Racing programmes should be organised to avoid excessive congestion.
1.5	Weather monitoring.	Use of weather forecast information and monitoring of the present weather to vary race management to control risk.	Sailboats without engines have difficulty manoeuvring in light winds and many are prone to broaching and capsize in high winds, especially if flying spinnakers. Races can be postponed, abandoned or shortened to suit the conditions.
1.6	Briefing of race management personnel.	OA to agree Policies and Guidelines and provide suitable training of key personnel.	Suitably experienced, trained and approved Race Officers must apply OA Policies and Guidelines.
1.7	Safety Boats - Manning.	Safety boats are normally manned by a minimum of 2 people, one of whom should be suitably trained and qualified. Occasionally single manning by suitable individuals may be	The safety boat helm should be suitably experienced, trained, qualified, well briefed and fully understand their responsibilities.





		acceptable in light of the Risk Assessment. In case of emergency Safety Boats should be able to accommodate at least 5 extra people.	
1.8	Emergency and contingency procedures.	Establish and maintain an action plan.	Race management personnel should be trained in how to deal with an emergency.
2.1	Signing on/off for race	Agreed procedure for accounting for all personnel involved laid down in the OA Policies and Guidelines.	The procedure will vary depending on the type of craft, where based, and the age and experience of the people involved.
2.2	Safety Briefing.	Safety briefing to competitors and safety boat crews as per OA Policies and Guidelines.	Briefings need to take into account variations between events, types of boats, the age and experience of competitors and their familiarity with the area.
2.3	Landside Management to include records of competitors' details.	Policies and Guidelines need to ensure that the OA requires a declaration that all craft are suitably equipped, seaworthy, and insured.	Wording of Notice of Race, Entry Form and Sailing Instructions to comply with current RYA Best Practice Guidelines concerning Safety and Insurance. Records should be available to Race Officer if required. For dinghy events OA needs details of NOK and medical problems.
2.4	Communications with other water users.	Vessel movements. Identified special risks.	Communication channels need organising with Coastguard, harbour Authorities, Local Clubs, Race Teams and Safety Boats. This may be by mobile phone and/or VHF radio.
2.5	Right of way between racing and none racing traffic.	IRPCS. Vessels confined by their draft and manoeuvrability.	Sailing Instructions may refer to IRPCS although they are built into the Racing Rules of Sailing. Race Committee should protest offending boats.
2.6	Right of way between racing boats	Racing Rules of Sailing (RRS) apply	Race Committee may protest offending boats under RRS 2 if no other protests.
2.7	Limiting Spinnaker use.	Some classes of sailboat are in some conditions much easier to control when sailing without a spinnaker. Sailboats without spinnakers need less room and are less likely to collide with other boats or static objects.	Spinnaker use can be limited by sailing instructions either for all races or when signalled. Limits can be easily zoned.
2.8	Communications with competitors	Competitors briefings, notices to competitors, Sailing Instructions	Local factors can be brought to competitors' attention.





2.9	Post-Race Report	Allows lessons learnt to be passed to	Report to OA for consideration and possibly adding to policy
		others	documents and guidelines.
3.1	Abandonment.	In the event of adverse weather or	Decision made by Race Officer to comply with RRS or the OA Policies
		other factors.	and Guidelines.
3.2	Shortening course.	In the event of adverse weather or	Decision made by Race Officer to comply with RRS or the OA Policies
		other factors.	and Guidelines.
3.3	Monitoring of weather and sea	By observation and communications	In light winds sailboats without engines have difficulty manoeuvring
	conditions.	with safety vessels, competitors and	and in high winds many are prone to broaching and capsize
		Organiser.	especially if flying spinnakers. Races should be postponed,
			abandoned or shortened to suit the conditions.
4.1	Advise of distancing guidelines and	All personnel should follow the in-	Facilities to handwash or santise hands to be available. Social
	handwashing	force Government guidelines on both	Distancing -Reducing the number of persons in the bubble any work
		social distancing and handwashing	area to comply with the 2-metre (6.5 foot) gap recommended by the
			Public Health Agency
4.2	Volunteers and sailors to wear	Where possible when passing one item	Some Latex gloves to be available. When tallying it should be
	gloves	of equipment to another person wear	possible for the tally to be placed on the vessel when passing the
		either sailing gloves or latex gloves for	tally board and picked up from the vessel by the sailor
		protection	
4.3	Area/Equipment cleaned regularly	Where possible and as frequently as	Frequently cleaning and disinfecting objects and surfaces that are
		able clean the equipment or area with	touched regularly particularly in areas of high use such as door
		warm soapy water, seawater or	handles, light switches, reception area using appropriate cleaning
		sanitiser	products and methods.
4.4	Limit access	Set a maximum number of people	
		allowed to be in one place allowing for	
		social distancing and following	
		regulation	
4.5	Congregation at the official	Move all organisation of the event on	Place ONB, JNB, scoring documents, Protest forms, Registration and
	Noticeboard/Registration/Briefings/	to a suitable web platform, with the	all associated documentation online with the facility to complete
	and similar such locations	possibility of running webinars and	them online. Webinars may be used for briefings, Teleconference
		conferencing	for protest hearings in conjunction with social distancing
4.6	Congregation at the results board	Avoid putting the results on a notice	Post online
		board	
4.7	Social events	Club or location of event Covid	Government or local advice to be followed
		regulations to apply	





4.8	Launching and recovery	Introduce a two-person buddy system	Competitors to form two person teams for the event to buddy when
		for launching of dinghy classes	launching and recovery
4.9	Boat manning	Numbers on board to be within congregation sizes of Government guidelines	Keep the number of people to a minimum preferably from the same household or bubble. Crew limitations to be presented in the event Sailing Instructions. Where possible the same volunteers work together. Where it is not possible to socially distance 1+ mitigation shall include, sit side by side. Or one behind the other
5	Notification by anyone that they	Person involved should self-isolate and	Whilst medical advice must be sought it would be expected that
	feel unwell and are exhibiting	follow the current medical advice. The	some effort has been made to find any other people who may be
	symptoms	organisers to track and trace other	affected. Follow club Ria, 4.9, 5.0k assessment procedures
		competitors who may have been in	
		continuous contact with the effected	
		person	
5.1	Compliance with Government	Read and understand the travel	
	travel regulations	guidelines	
5.2	Declaration form prior to	Complete a Personal location form	
	Registration	prior to the event as per WS guidelines	
5.3	Equipment used	All Boats, electronic equipment,	Clean and sanitise on a regular basis especially hard surface
		clipboard, pencils/pens, paperwork	
		and similar should be identified to a	
		person for the event Do not pass items	
		between crew members and	
		volunteers such as personal radios	
5.4	Signs	Informing members and visitors	All appropriate signs to be displayed in accordance with Club Risk Assessment